## 1**И**//721494(039)

## The role of public health organizations in addressing public health problems in Europe

51

Health Policy Series

The case of obesity, alcohol and antimicrobial resistance

Edited by:

Bernd Rechel

Anna Maresso

Anna Sagan

Cristina Hernández-Quevedo

Erica Richardson Elke Jakubowski

Martin McKee







## **Contents**

| List of figures, tables and boxes  List of contributors  Acknowledgements |  | Vii        |
|---|--|------------|
|   |  | ix<br>xiii |
|   |  |            |
| Chapter 1   | Introduction<br>Bernd Rechel, Elke Jakubowski, Martin McKee, Ellen Nolte       | 3          |
| Chapter 2   | Obesity<br>Cristina Hernández-Quevedo, Bernd Rechel                            | 13         |
| Chapter 3   | Alcohol<br>Anna Sagan, Bernd Rechel  | 47         |
| Chapter 4   | Antimicrobial resistance Saskia Nahrgang, Ellen Nolte, Bernd Rechel            | 67         |
| Chapter 5   | Key policy lessons<br>Bernd Rechel, Elke Jakubowski, Martin McKee, Ellen Nolte | 93         |
| Part II   | Country reports  | 105        |

## List of figures, tables and boxes

| Figures   |   |    |
|-----------|---|----|
| Fig. 1.1  | Key stages of the policy cycle  | 11 |
| Fig. 2.1  | Age-standardized prevalence of overweight (defined as BMI ≥ 25 kg/m²) in people aged 18 years and over, WHO estimates, 2010 and 2016 (%)  | 14 |
| Fig. 2.2  | Age-standardized prevalence of obesity (defined as BMI $\geq$ 30 kg/m²) in people aged 18 years and over, WHO estimates, 2010 and 2016 (%)  | 15 |
| Fig. 3.1  | Total adult per capita consumption of alcohol (in litres of pure alcohol) in selected EU member states and the Republic of Moldova, 1990–2014   |    |
| Fig. 3.2  | Consumption of alcohol (in litres of pure alcohol) in selected EU member states and the Republic of Moldova, 2014   | 48 |
| Fig. 3.3  | Trends in recorded consumption of beer, wine and spirits in selected EU member states and the Republic of Moldova, 1970–2013  | 49 |
| Fig. 4.1  | Percentage of invasive isolates of <i>S. aureus</i> with resistance to methicillin (MRSA) (A) and percentage of invasive isolates of <i>E. coli</i> with resistance to third-generation cephalosporins (B), by country, EU/EEA countries, 2015–2016 | 70 |
| Fig. 4.2  | Consumption of antibacterials for systemic use (ATC group J01) in<br>the community in eight European countries, 2016  | 72 |
| Fig. 4.3  | Sales, in tonnes of active ingredient, of veterinary antimicrobial agents in eight European countries, 2015   | 73 |
| Fig. 4.4  | Policy framework for sustainable access to effective antimicrobials   | 80 |
| Tables    |   |    |
| Table 2.1 | Obesity policies in the nine selected European countries  | 18 |
| Table 2.2 | Measures relating to schools (including standards or rules for foods, bans on vending machines, standards for marketing) and marketing food high in saturated fats, trans-fatty acids, free sugars or salt (HFFS foods) to children in 2017         | 23 |
|           | 100d3/ to Grillatoff III 2017   | 20 |

| Table 3.1 | Selected scientific and political documents on alcohol from the WHO   |    |
|-----------|---|----|
|           | Regional Office for Europe and the European Union   | 51 |
| Table 3.2 | Selected alcohol policies in the nine countries   | 53 |
| Table 3.3 | Role of public health organizations in the alcohol policy process   | 64 |
| Table 4.1 | National antimicrobial resistance action plans  | 77 |
|           |   |    |
| Boxes     |   |    |
| Box 2.1   | Obesity policies in England   | 21 |
| Box 2.2   | Lack of coordination and of a national strategy to tackle obesity in Sweden   | 24 |
| Box 2.3   | Interaction of public health agencies with other agencies in Italy  | 26 |
| Box 2.4   | Problem identification and issue recognition in Moldova   | 26 |
| Box 2.5   | Intersectorality in policy formulation in France  | 28 |
| Box 2.6   | Coordinating national and regional decision-making in Italy   | 30 |
| Box 2.7   | The role of ARSs in policy implementation in France   | 32 |
| Box 2.8   | The role of local authorities in policy implementation in England   | 32 |
| Box 2.9   | Lack of funding for policy implementation in Moldova  | 35 |
| Box 2.10  | Monitoring obesity prevalence in Sweden   | 37 |
| Box 3.1   | Collaborative approach to alcohol policy formulation – examples from Germany and Italy                                      | 57 |
| Box 3.2   | The importance of the alcohol industry in policy formulation – examples from the United Kingdom and the Republic of Moldova | 59 |
| Box 3.3   | Role of public health organizations at the local level in Germany   | 62 |
| Box 4.1   | Surveillance data on AMR in Europe  | 71 |
| Box 4.2   | Intersectoral AMR policy formulation in Sweden  | 83 |
| Box 4.3   | Regional policy implementation in England   | 85 |
| Box 4.4   | Regional AMR networks in Germany  | 85 |